

Managing Technical People

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This Lecture

- Assumption –We've all had leadership lectures before! Sooo~~~
- Technical people –are they different?
 - Lets try to be introspective
- Considerations for leading technical people
 - And evaluating them

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Technical People Stereotype

- In slang may be called:
 - Techies, Tech Geeks, Geeks, Dweebs, Nerds...
 - Miss any?
- Associated with Computers? Not always
- Badly dressed (and that is subjective)
- Questionable hygiene
- Non sociable outside the "techie" domain
- Etc. ...

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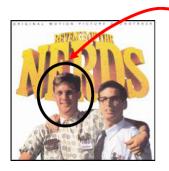
But....

- They are deeply involved with the design, manufacture, care, test, install computers/software...
- While the butt of jokes, are indispensable in today's knowledge/communication oriented culture... <u>Software is everywhere in the</u> <u>quest to be better...</u>

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Lets dispel with stereotypes

You will make your own impressions in





CS major to Top Gun aviator, anything is possible...

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Are technical people different?

(How about software developers?)

- What they like?
 - Affinity for technology?
 - Knowledge?
 - Ego?
 - Stubborn?
 - Team players?
 - What is the stereotype?
- And, does it matter to leadership

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General Characteristics

Paul Glen thoughts from "Leading Geeks" 2003

- Affinity / respect for:
 - Technology
 - Games, shows, toys...problems with final ends
- The "rational"
 - Black and white -no grey areas
 - All decisions must be logically derived Analytical
 - Don't like emotional decisions
 - But, they are **emotional** about being rational

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General Characteristics...

- Affinity for ...:
 - Problem-Solution model...
 - all problems must have a solution, BUT like problems over the solution space?
 - Grey areas a problem
 - Continuous problems-flurry of activity to start....
- Don't like rote work, non-creative
 - Dictated solutions
- The "flow" [Mihaly Csikszentmihalyi]
 - From problem to solution..
 - Dislike "open ended"
 - Disruption of flow disastrous

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General Characteristics...

- Communication:
 - Self expression = communication?
 - Don't recognize miscommunication
 - Confusion over whether something is a fact, inference, assumption, and their implications
 - May be seen as rude bluntness
 - "Only an idiot would do that"
- Don't suffer fools easily
 - Value "smart" people
 - Quick minds, quick to comment
- Need to get to the answer –bluntness
- Understanding of the business domain?

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General Characteristics...

- Loyalty:
 - To type of job, not necessarily company
 - Possibly to immediate manager, but not above
 - Distrust of "authority"
- Groups
 - Acceptance, peer recognition
 - Competition –yes with peers....does this hurt team work
 - Sharing of knowledge (ego)
 - Democratic?
- But, like to work alone
 - US society "heroes"
 - Tension with having to coordinate with others...
 - Have someone else do that "work"
- Defacto leaders in groups

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General Characteristics...

- Authority
 - Tend to ignore rules/policies
 - P2F
 - · Dress codes
 - Process?
 - Standards
 - Respect -when comparing domain knowledge
- Rebels?
- Work environment
 - "own" space
 - Periods without interruption
 - Rewards or perks....free food

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what motivates technical people?

If the previous is true (in general)

- Internal or external motivators?
 - Artists?
 - Traditional management?
 - Technology prowess?
 - Need for "play"?
 - Work hard, play hard?
 - Engrossed in play as much as work?

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Lets look at involvement in...

- Decision making
 - Opinions
 - Inward or outward?
- Consistency of environment
 - Reward / punishment system
 - Annoyances? Interruptions?
- Given authority
 - Over others?
- Tasks-Multi or selective/unitary

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De-motivators Glenn

- Exclusion from decision making
 - Hiding the big picture
- Inconsistency in rewards/punishment
 - "Pet," focus on individuals
 - Responsible for issues not under their control
- Poor use of extrinsic motivators
 - Examples?
- Micro management
- Focus on tasks, the "how" instead of results
- Evaluations without criteria

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Glen's ideas -mentor, don't boss

- Manage by goals not quotas
 - Leadership/guidance not oversight/control
- Recognize technical competency
 - Use it effectively
 - Accentuate the positive, but don't BS
- Foster work environment –physical, annoyances
- Physical environment
- Promote interdependencies where appropriate

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Leading.....

- Obstacles
 - Conflict resolution (80/20 rule)
 - Bothersome tasks (HR), parking?
- Promote culture
 - Honesty, fairness, helping "team"
- Facilitate communication flows
 - Don't play/allow "I've got a secret"
- Manage ambiguity
- Patience
 - When to intervene?

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Sounding like....XP

"Create an environment conducive to good work"

- Open physical work environment, with space for private time.
- Emphasize what developers do best
- Iterative, short term goals
- Instant communication with customer
- Mentoring, a trainer, not a boss

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Glen's performance measures

How to evaluate technical people?

- Technical competency
- Personal productivity –not quotas
 - Creativity?
- Ability to multi task
- Understanding business context, drivers
 - And be able to speak it
- Speaking with business side
 - And forging compromises

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Measures

- Manage client relationships (MCE)
- Expand client relationships
- Managing/leading technical people
 - Training others, team player
- Delegation, work through others
 - Coach, mentor

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Measures

- Play positive politics
 - Supportive of technical people
- Manage ambiguity
 - Use of what process?
- Manage time horizons
 - Plan the big picture

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Other issues to aid success

- Define projects appropriately
 - Creative development, or routine maintenance?
- Projects as theater
 - Importance of defined relationships
- Group size
- Compel client focus
- Make the hard decisions
 - Identify and eject anchors when needed
 - BUT, remember, dealing with people

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What team structure is best for

It depends depends...but what do you think?

Pressman SEPA

- Decentralized Democratic
 - Participatory / Delegated
 - Just like Studio?
- Centralized Democratic
 - Participatory / Delegated / Decision maker
- Controlled Centralized
 - Authoritative / Delegated

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Now add Associated Project Factors?

- Difficulty of Problem –innovation?
- Size of Project –organization?
- Team Lifetime –cohesive or changing
- Modularization of Project –broken down
- Criticality of Safety / Reliability –control
- Rigidity of Delivery –hard schedule
- Communication needed for project

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Glen's how to lead...

- Harmonizing content and context
 - Counter to inherent ambiguity
 - Need for order and consistency
 - Is this emotional?
 - Need to step back and ask "does this make sense"
 - New assignment, make a minimum 10KSLOC application using all that you learned in MSD....Due in 2 days....
 - Inconsistency with reality....?

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Glen's how to lead...

Using narratives and embodiment

- Narratives
 - We all like stories –bring together convoluted ideas, history
 - Case studies?
 - Use them to reinforce each other
- Embodiment
 - Can reinforce or hurt
 - Do as I say, not as I do.....

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Typical Narratives Glenn

- Navigating the organization's socio-political environment (s)
- Use of project artifacts-good and bad
- Own, peers, and subordinates' successes and failures, with introspection
- Past, present and future of....
 - Markets, companies, people, groups
- Values, ethics, priorities...
- Visions, strategies, ...

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Summary on Technical People

- Differences
 - Understanding your developers
- Capitalize on these
 - Rewards
 - Environment
 - Types of tasks
 - Off task time (Google "campus")
 - Challenges

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